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APPLICATION NO.	FI	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/550,038	50,038 04/14/2000		Susumu Okada	32584	9156
116	7590	01/27/2005		EXAMINER	
PEARNE &	& GORDO	ON LLP		JERABEK, KELLY L	
1801 EAST	9TH STR	EET			
SUITE 1200				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CLEVELAND, OH 44114-3108				2612	

DATE MAILED: 01/27/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Advisory Action	09/550,038	OKADA ET AL.					
Advisory Audon	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Kelly L. Jerabek	2612					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
THE REPLY FILED 05 January 2005 FAILS TO PLACE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to average final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this applicate) a timely filed amendment which	ation. A proper reply to a not places the application in					
PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]						
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the fee to the filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment.	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE date on which the petition under 37 CFI extension and the corresponding amount the shortened statutory period for reply the later than three months after the mail	g date of the final rejection. HE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP R 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension unt of the fee. The appropriate extension originally set in the final Office action; or					
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFF							
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:						
(a) they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search (s	see NOTE below);					
(b) ☐ they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below);							
(c) they are not deemed to place the application in issues for appeal; and/or	n better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or simplifying the					
(d) they present additional claims without canceling	ng a corresponding number of fi	nally rejected claims.					
NOTE:							
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) 1, 3, 4, and 10 amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	would be allowable if submitted	d in a separate, timely filed					
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for application in condition for allowance because: See		dered but does NOT place the					
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaraised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY to	o issues which were newly					
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendments explanation of how the new or amended claims we	• • • • • • • •						
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:							
Claim(s) allowed: <u>1,3-11,13 and 15-21</u> .							
Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected: 12 and 22.							
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
8. ☐ The drawing correction filed on is a) ☐ appr	oved or b) disapproved by the	ne Examiner.					
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemen	nt(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	•					
10. Other:	TUAN HO RIMARY EXAMINER	KLJ					

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: 1) Applicant's arguments (page 15) regarding claim 12 state that there is no teaching that the sequece in the Morgan reference is related to an arrangement of the cameras. The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Morgan states that the camera selection is determined by an algorithm that first identifies which camera or cameras can "see" the desired area (col. 6, lines 39-41). It is inherent that the algorithm must go through some sort of sequence in order to examine each of the cameras and determine which cameras can "see" the desired area. Since the arrangement of the cameras is fixed it can be seen that the sequence (for examining which cameras can "see" and object) is related to the arrangement of the cameras. Although this sequence may be be a "random sequence" or a "sequence based on speed optimization" as stated by the applicant, it is still a sequence. Therefore, since claim 12 states that a zoom scale is determined in a sequence in which the cameras are arranged (which may be any type of sequence), the Examiner is reading the Morgan reference on the claim.

2) Applicant's arguments (page 16) regarding claim 22 state that there is no teaching in the Morgan reference that images are displayed at respective scales, in a sequence in which the cameras are arranged. The applicant further alleges that the Morgan reference instead teaches using priority to determine a sequence which is different than using an arrangement to determine a sequence. The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Morgan states that the camera selection is determined by an algorithm that first identifies which camera or cameras can "see" the desired area (col. 6, lines 39-41). It is inherent that the algorithm must go through some sort of sequence in order to examine each of the cameras and determine which cameras can "see" the desired area. Since the arrangement of the cameras is fixed it can be seen that the sequence (for examining which cameras can "see" and object) is related to the arrangement of the cameras. Although this sequence may be be a "random sequence" or a "sequence based on speed optimization" as stated by the applicant, it is still a sequence. The Morgan reference then states that the camera views that can "see" the desired area are immediately routed to available video monitors (col. 6, lines 39-44). Therefore, it can be seen that choosing which cameras can "see" a desired area is based on a sequence relating to the arrangement of the cameras and displaying the camera views that can "see" the desired area is based on a sequence relating to the arrangement of the cameras and displaying the camera views that can "see" the desired area is based on priority. Thus, since only the cameras that are determined to be able to "see" the desired area are displayed it can be seen that the display function is based on a sequence in which the cameras are arranged. Therefore, since claim 22 states that images captured by the cameras are displayed at respective scales in a sequence in which the cameras are arranged (which may be any type of sequence), the